BEFORE AN INDEPENDENT HEARINGS COMMISSIONER FOR WAITOMO DISTRICT COUNCIL

IN THE MATTER of the Resource Management Act 1991 ("Act")

AND

IN THE MATTER of an application to vary resource consent

RM050019 by Taumatatotara Wind Farm

Limited under s127 of the Act

EVIDENCE OFJAMES DALY ON BEHALF OF TAUMATATOTARA WIND FARM LIMITED

[TRANSPORT]
20 OCTOBER 2023

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1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 My full name is James Charles Daly.
- 1.2 I hold a Bachelor of Engineering (Civil) from Auckland University and I am a full member of Engineering New Zealand. I have over 17 years' experience as a traffic and transportation engineer and am currently a director for Traffic Engineering Solutions Ltd.
- 1.3 As a lead traffic and transportation engineer, I have been responsible for a wide range of roading infrastructure projects including: route corridor improvements, road safety improvements, seal extension projects, bus infrastructure, vehicle tracking and swept path analysis for the largest design vehicles on arterial roads and state highways. I hold Waka Kotahi Level 1 traffic control and construct safe qualifications and have produced and peer reviewed hundreds of traffic management plans ensuring safety for all road users. I've lead, designed and constructed a wide range of transportation projects from start to finish and have an in depth understanding of New Zealand design standards, best practice and constructability risk.
- 1.4 I have been retained by Ventus Energy Ltd to provide transportation evidence in respect of the Section 92 request for information on the consent application and subsequent Section 42A Report.

Code of conduct

1.5 I confirm that I have read the Expert Witness Code of Conduct set out in the Environment Court's Practice Note 2023. I have complied with the Code of Conduct in preparing this evidence and will continue to comply with it while giving oral evidence. Except where I state that I am relying on the evidence of another person, this written evidence is within my area of expertise. I have not omitted to consider material facts known to me that might alter or detract from the opinions expressed in this evidence.

Scope of evidence

1.6 My evidence will be limited to transportation related matters discussed in the Section 92 requests and responses and the Section 42A Report.

2. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED

- I have relied on the transportation related information provided by Ventus Energy. This includes a review of the transportation related matters in the Section 92 requests and responses, the Taumatatotara Wind Farm Application to Change Conditions of Consent, data around the wind turbine components and transporters, data around the expected vehicle trip generation and traffic volumes along the proposed route.
- 2.2 The documents considered for the Taumatatotara Wind Farm applications include:
 - (a) The Taumatatorara Wind Farm Application to Change Conditions of Consent
 - (b) Section 92 Request for the 'Application for Taumatatotara Windfarm – RM200019', including an additional S92 Request for further information. Refer to **Appendix One and Two**;
 - (c) Appendix 8 of the Section 42A Report.
 - (d) The Updated Variation Proposal as outlined in the memorandum from Glenn Starr to Waitomo District Council (WDC) dated 14 September 2023.

3. RESPONSE TO SUBMITTERS

- 3.1 A total of 15 submissions were received. Approximately 6 of them were related to transportation effects including a lack of Traffic Management Plan, insufficient earthworks information, lack of information about the impact of trucks on WDC roads and the absence of the application's plans to reinstate the road infrastructure affected by the project.
- 3.2 As outlined in the BBO Memo dated 5 October 2023 (Appendix 8 of the Section 42A Report), these matters will be appropriately addressed through the existing conditions of consent or the existing Regional Council earthworks consent. The relevant consent conditions of Consent RM050019 include requirements for over dimension vehicle permits, construction monitoring and the bond provided to WDC for roading maintenance.

4. RESPONSE TO SECTION 42A REPORT

4.1 I have reviewed the transportation sections of the Section 42A Report provided by BBO and agree with the conclusions made. As the effects assessment is the difference in transportation effects between the 2011 consented wind farm and the latest application, I conclude for the reasons previously outlined in my responses to the Section 92 requests (Appendices One and Two) that transport effects from the Variation Proposal and Updated Variation Proposal will overall be reduced. In any event, the existing consent conditions adequately manage transport effects including through the requirement for a bond, traffic management plans, detailed and comprehensive traffic route assessments including in relation to bridges, and the updated tower test route (conditions 18 – 26).

5. ASSESSMENTS AND CONCLUSION

- 5.1 On 12 September 2023 I provided an updated response to the Council outlining my assessment of the effects of the updated variation proposal. I attach this as Appendix Three and confirm this statement.
- 5.2 In summary, and having reviewed the information set out in section 2, I consider:
 - The variation proposal for the Taumatatotara Wind Farm will not increase the effects on the road network relative to the previously approved consent;
 - The effects on the road network will not be increased due to the improved transportation methods;
 - Due to the reduced numbers of turbines, the numbers of component transporters (and concrete and aggregate trucks) are reduced, regardless of the increased size of the transporters;
 - Manoeuvring for the largest transporters will still need to be determined as part of the over dimension permit and traffic management plans;
 - Other traffic related assessments continue to be adequately addressed by the existing consent conditions.

Appendix One: Transportation Response to s92 – Taumatotora Wind Farm RM200019 (dated 7 December 2020)

Appendix Two: Transportation Response to s92 – Taumatotora Wind Farm RM200019 (dated 18 February 2021)

Appendix Three: Transportation Response to Updated Variation Proposal - Taumatotora Wind Farm RM200019 (dated 12 September 2023)



07 December 2020

Terrena Kelly Waitomo District Council Queen Street PO Box 404 Te Kuiti 3941

Dear Terrena

Transportation Response to s92 - Taumatatotora Wind Farm - RM200019

The following provides responses to the request for information on the above consent application, dated 7 September 2020.

Question A

The proposed arrangement is that truck & trailer units will transport the turbines from New Plymouth Port to the subject site via SH3, Marokopa Road and Taharoa Road. In 2005, Ventus Energy Ltd predicted that the development would generate a total of 2650 trips for the entire project, however, did not include the following.

- Trips per day (07:00PM to 07:00AM)
- · Trips per route
- Duration / Period
- Number of trips where roads will need to be closed during transport due to extra-long loads.

An update of all the vehicle trips to the subject site should be provided in a detailed description/table format including the Annual Average Daily Traffic.

Response A

Please refer to **Appendix 1** for the information relating to the vehicle trips data. The total trips generated from the windfarm for the original consent was 11,970 trips. This figure is provided in the AEE. There has been a minor decrease in the total trips generated for this consent variation, as the expected trip generation is now 10,215 trips. This illustrates there will be reduced effects for this consent variation.

Question B

Ventus Energy Ltd provides Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes for the year 2004. Traffic volumes over the last 16 years have increased since that date. The applicant should provide the latest traffic volumes along the proposed traffic route to go hand in hand with the traffic volumes generated by the windfarm. This will also provide a clear understanding of the existing road network.



Response B

Please refer to **Appendix 2** for the traffic volumes. The traffic volumes have generally increased slightly from 2004 to 2020, although in some cases have in fact decreased. The change in traffic volumes between 2004 and 2020 is very minor, and it should be considered that the small change has a very minor effect on the consideration of the consent variation.

Question C

Ventus Energy Ltd identified five locations along Taharoa Road which required upgrading and removal of vegetation. The current assessment is not supported as a full route assessment should be undertaken by a Traffic Engineer which should include the following.

- To assess all Waitomo Roads, including intersections that are relevant to the project.
- Identify areas along the route where the semi-trailer may have limited manoeuvring space e.g. tight corners / bends, intersections and bridges.
- Provide RP locations as a reference.

The isolated areas should be provided with a RP location (Mobileroad) along with detailed mitigating measure. A swept path should be provided for all locations as this would help identify the constraints.

Response C

We have reviewed the Ventus Energy memo and the data around typical turbine loads and find that there are no increased effects on the road network due to the improved transportation methods now available. In fact, due to the reduced numbers of turbines, the numbers of component transporters (and concrete and aggregate trucks) are reduced. It should be noted that the transporters that are to be used will not be larger than what was previously consented, and therefore providing this information should be outside the scope of this consent variation.

Furthermore, the wind turbine blades are of a newer generation of wind turbine, featuring a 'two-piece' blade design, this can be seen on the following link:

https://www.ge.com/renewableenergy/wind-energy/onshore-wind/cypress-platform. This turbine design allows the blade to be assembled on-site, reducing the length of each component part during transportation, and making the turbine blades easier to transport. This allows for the turbine transporters to cause no greater impact than the previous design.

Additionally, the original consent for the turbine transporter was for a conventional trailer transport. The newer generation of wind turbine blades can be transported via the conventional trailer method, as well as using a rotor blade adaptor, this can be seen on the following link: https://www.scheuerle.com/products/wind-industry/rotor-blade-adapter.html. The rotor blade adaptor allows the transporter to be shorter than the conventional trailer transport. This method would offset the impact of the increased rotor blade diameter and rotor blade length.



Question 21

Please provide an update of CAS data and AADT for the full length of the project route. A trip generation (daily trips) of the windfarm should be presented according to the following.

- a. Expected number of vehicle movements, particularly heavy vehicle numbers during each construction phase.
- b. Preferred routes for heavy vehicles.
- c. Temporary traffic management measures required to manage heavy vehicle movements to / from site.
- d. Measures to prevent, monitor and remedy tracking of dust and debris.
- e. Monitoring and reporting of construction traffic and traffic management measures.

Response 21

A CAS report is not considered necessary. Traffic volumes are very low for the roads that are to be used during the construction of the wind farm. Additionally, there is a net reduction in the number of vehicle trips generated by the Wind Farm construction. Crash patterns throughout these roads should not impact the transportation of the legal and specialist vehicles used during construction.

The AADT is provided in **Appendix 2**, and this accounts for the current preferred route.

- a) A trip generation of the wind farm has a net decrease relative to the previous consent. It is expected there will be 30.0 trips per day for heavy vehicles along the preferred route, whereas the previous consent had an expected 36.1 trips per day. Calculations for cut and fill of the wind farm have been undertaken and illustrate there is a negligible change in these volumes. This confirms that there will be a less than minor effect regarding the number of heavy vehicles during construction.
- b) Regarding the preferred route for heavy vehicles, this is considered outside the scope of this variation. The variation would result in a reduced impact on the road network when compared to the original proposal. The reduced number of turbines would result in a lower frequency of heavy vehicles travelling to the site. Detailed investigations will be undertaken at a later stage to determine the most appropriate route, and a full route assessment will be undertaken to ensure temporary traffic management measures are in place. Following a detailed investigation, in which the consent holder is required to carry out as a condition of consent, it may be found that alternative routes and methods are superior. Confirmation of the route at this resource consent stage is not considered necessary. The assessment of the alternative routes will be undertaken in consultation with the appropriate roading authorities. Any superior travel routes or methods shall be disclosed and worked through the appropriate channel as part of the TMP. There are several routes that may be taken, and these are dependent upon which port the turbines arrive upon, as well as the costs/feasibility of each route, taking into account the traffic management requirements.



c) d) e) In response to questions 21c, 21d and 21e, this level of detail cannot be provided at this stage of the project. At a later stage, a Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) would be prepared and adhered to, in order to avoid or mitigate potential traffic effects on other road users. It is proposed that these consent conditions require these details be addressed through the proposed CTMP accordingly.

Question 22

Please provide an assessment of the achievable sight lines at the site access should be undertaken to confirm whether sufficient sight distance exists to meet the minimum requirements of NZTA Guidelines RTS 6.

Response 22

An assessment has been undertaken to check sight lines at the site access, and these meet design standards as shown in **Appendix 3** of the report. The sight lines are based on the existing speed limit in the area, which is 100km/h. It should be noted that sight lines are likely to improve during the construction period with a TMP in place near the site access. A TMP would likely reduce the speed limit and therefore reduce vehicle speeds near the sight access, thereby improving safety for access to the site.

Question 23

Please provide an assessment of the vehicle swept path should be provided for the isolated areas along the entire route. Furthermore, a journey run / test run with a semi-trailer truck should be undertaken along the entire route (New Plymouth Port to subject site) and a recording of this should be provided as evidence.

Response 23

This level of detail cannot be realistically be provided at this early stage in the project. The majority of vehicles are legal and would fit within the current roading network. It is only the specialist vehicles transporting the turbines that would need to be reviewed. These vehicles will be covered under the Overweight and Over dimensional permits, that will be applied for at a later stage. The component sizing of the turbines has been reviewed and would not require an increase in the sizing of the transporters. This in combination with fewer total trips generated during construction, should cause no increased effect than the 2004 design. This combined with the reduced frequency of large vehicles trips would result in a net reduction in overall impact. Additionally, a CTMP would be prepared and adhered to, in order to avoid or mitigate potential traffic effects on other road users. It is proposed that these consent conditions require these details be addressed through the proposed CMP accordingly.



Several Environment Court decisions have deferred any requirement to provide these types of details until after the consent has granted, requiring instead that they be submitted through a Construction or Construction traffic management plan. For example, for the Awhitu Wind Farm the Environment Court required that the consent holder prepare over-dimensioned vehicle traffic management plans and obtain the required approval from (then) Transit New Zealand, the Land Transport Safety Authority and the local authority prior to the movement of any over-dimensioned vehicles on a public road. Condition 7 of the Makara (Mill Creek) Wind Farm consent set out the details required within the construction traffic management plan, including swept paths for over-dimensioned vehicles and requiring that over-width permit applications be made post consent. Details as to hours during which overweight/over-dimensioned loads could take place were also to be submitted post consent (in consultation with the local authority).

In summary, the changes to the traffic volumes, the changes to the traffic generated as a result of the wind farm, as well as the change to the number and type of wind turbine components, have not resulted in any significant change from the previously approved consent, therefore the consent should not be changed as a result of the transportation effects.

Please don't hesitate to contact me if you require any further clarification.

Yours faithfully

Matthew Arnerich

Senior Transportation Engineer (09) 366 7533 Bsc, GDipEng (Transportation), MEngNZ

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Yours faithfully

James Daly

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Appendices

Appendix 1 Vehicle Trips

Appendix 2 AADT

Appendix 3 Sight Access Visibility

Appendix 1

Vehicle Trips

Vehicle Trips			
	Vehicle Trips 2004	Vehicle Trips 2020	Change in Trips
Aggregate for roads	3170	2504	-666
Concrete sourced from	1040	917	-123
existing Batching plant	1040	317	-125
Concrete from on-site	310	275	-35
batching plant - aggregate	310		-53
Concrete from on-site	190	165	-25
batching plant - cement	190	103	-25
Reinforcing Steel	50	44	-6
Construction Personnel	5400	4750	-650
Construction Machinery	600	525	-75
General Material Supply	300	265	-35
Turbine components	160	110	-50
Contingency	750	660	-90
Trips Per Day	65.8	52.5	-13
Trips Per Day (7pm to 7am)	0.9	0.6	-0.3
Trips Per Route	11970	10215	-1755
Duration (days)	182	182	N/A
No. of trips with roads closed	0	0	N/A

Appendix 2

Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT)

Traffic Volumes - 2	2020				
Road Name	Carriageway Start Name	Carriageway End Name	AADT	HCV%	HCV
State Highway 3	Rangi Street	Oha Street	2323	24%	558
State Highway 3	Gribbin Street	Manganui Street	2323	24%	558
State Highway 3	Te Kauri Road	Takarei Terrace	2323	24%	558
State Highway 3	Mangakowhai Road	Tikitiki Road	2323	24%	558
State Highway 3	Gladstone Street	Tynan Road	4755	16%	761
Manganui Road	Taumatamaire Road	Ordish Road	200	10%	20
Mangatoa Road	Pomarangai Road	Soundy Road	50	10%	5
Marokopa Road	Mangatoa Road	Taharoa Road	300	10%	30
Taharoa Road	Marokopa Road	Te Waitere Road	150	10%	15
Taumatatotara West Road	Taharoa Road	n/a	<50	n/a	n/a
Traffic Volumes - 2	2004				
Road Name	Carriageway Start Name	Carriageway End Name	AADT	HCV%	HCV
State Highway 3	Hills Road	Pilot Road	2066	n/a	n/a
State Highway 3	Paekaka Road	Hunt Road	2084	n/a	n/a
State Highway 3	Te Kauri Road	Takarei Terrace	2044	n/a	n/a
State Highway 3	Mangakowhai Road	Tikitiki Road	2838	n/a	n/a
State Highway 3	Gladstone Street	Tynan Road	5714	n/a	n/a
Manganui Road	Taumatamaire Road	Ordish Road	150	n/a	n/a
Mangatoa Road	Pomarangai Road	Soundy Road	<50	n/a	n/a
Marokopa Road	Mangatoa Road	Taharoa Road	250	n/a	n/a
Taharoa Road	Marokopa Road	Te Waitere Road	110	n/a	n/a

n/a

<50

n/a

n/a

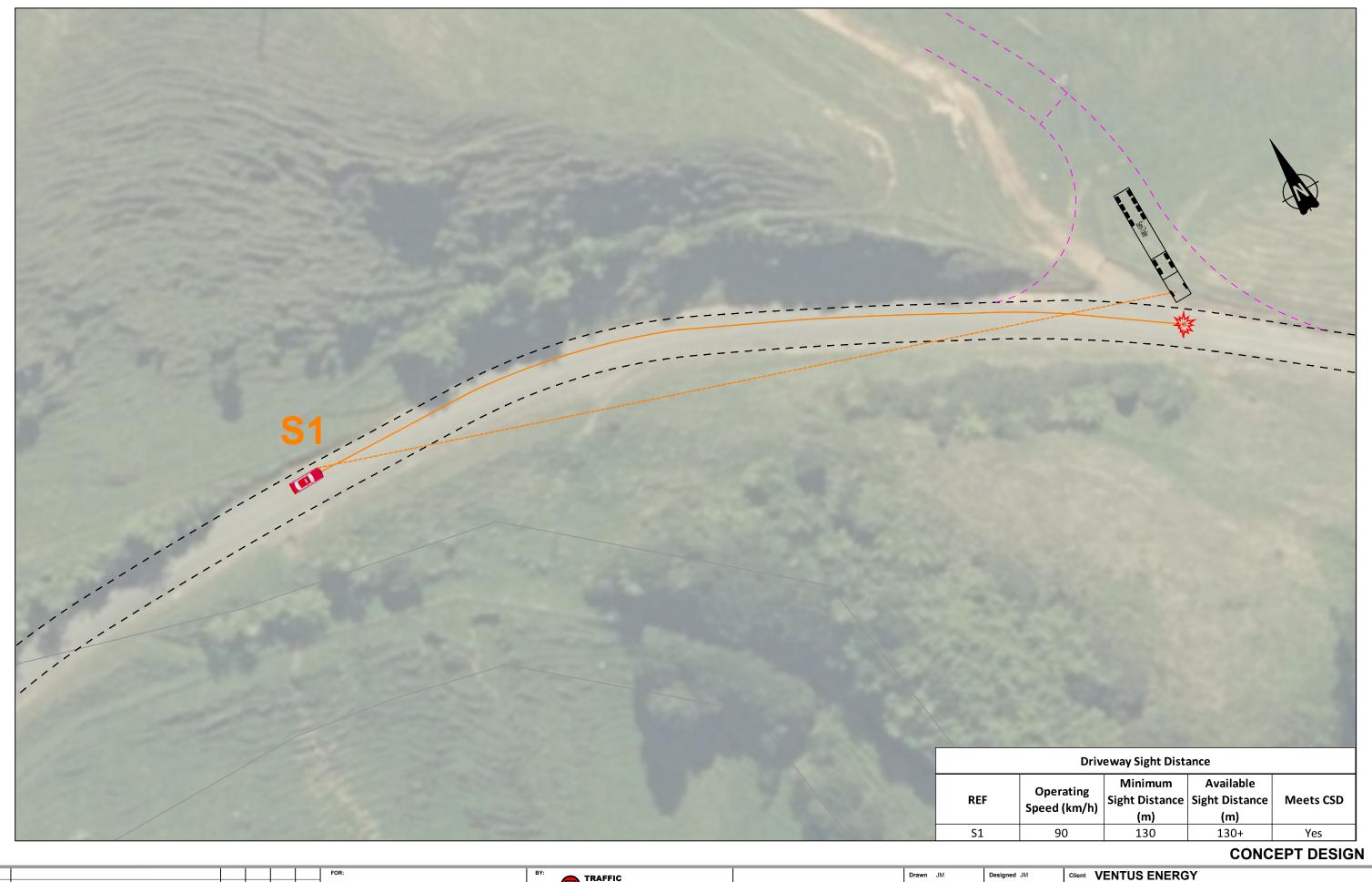
Taharoa Road

Taumatatotara West Road

^{*}Traffic volumes for 2020 have been obtained via the Waka Kotahi One Network Road Classification (ONRC)

Appendix 3

Sight Access Visibility



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Project TAUMATATOTARA WIND FARM ENTRANCE ONE VISIBILITY PLAN A3 Project No: **T20133** Drawing No:



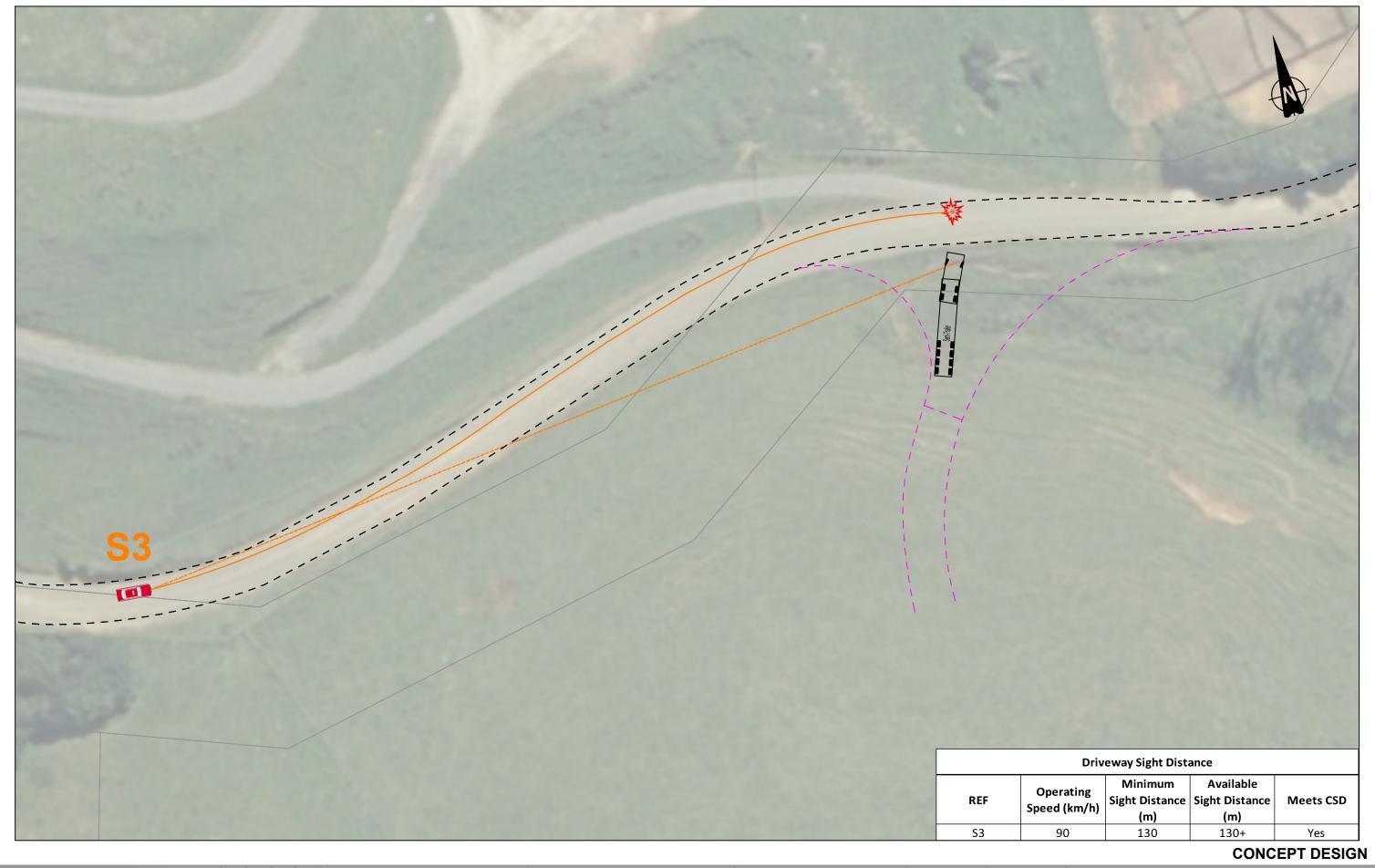
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VENTUS ENERGY

TAUMATATOTARA WIND FARM
ENTRANCE TWO
VISIBILITY PLAN



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Client VENTUS ENERGY Project TAUMATATOTARA WIND FARM ENTRANCE TWO VISIBILITY PLAN

A3 Project No: **T20133** Drawing No:

V4



18 February 2021

Glenn Starr Ventus Energy New Zealand Unit G-12, The "Zone-23" Complex, 23 Edwin Street Mount Eden Auckland

Dear Glenn

Transportation Response to s92 - Taumatatotora Wind Farm - RM200019

The following provides responses to the request for information on the above consent application, dated 3 February 2021.

Question A

- 1. Please provide confirmation of the transport route that will be utilised by the applicant to deliver the turbines, components and other infrastructure into the windfarm site.
- 2. Please also provide the results of any bridge assessments that have been undertaken by the applicant for the selected route.

Response A

- 1. Following on from the previous Transportation response to the S92 request, route options are set out in the original application. There is no change to the routes that are described and approved in the original resource consent process.
- 2. Similar to our response regarding the assessment of the vehicle swept path in the initial s92 request (Question 23), the level of detail regarding the bridge assessment cannot realistically be provided at this early stage in the project. Any mitigation measures will be reviewed and resolved at a later stage. The bridge assessment will be prepared when the over dimensional and overweight permits are being sought.

Please don't hesitate to contact me if you require any further clarification.

Yours faithfully

Moneril

Matthew Arnerich

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Yours faithfully

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12 September 2023

Waitomo District Council Queen Street PO Box 404 Te Kuiti 3941

Transportation Response to Updated Variation Proposal – Taumatatotora Wind Farm – RM200019

Further to our S92 Transportation Response given in 7 December 2020, the updated variation proposal issued in September 2023, seeks to reduce the number of turbines from 11 down to 8, but increase their diameter from 155m to 163m diameter. Turbines 2, 4 and 9 will be removed. All component dimensions stay the same except the blades - these increase from 76m to 80m (i.e. by 4m in length).

With the application in July 2020, Ventus Ltd had provided an outline of transport issues with Traffic Engineering Solutions Ltd (TES) providing a response to the S92 questions raised by Waitomo District Council. The conclusions in our response still stand in the sense that the additional reduction in the number of turbines to be constructed will further reduce the number of trips per day and the duration and period of transportation. Overall, effects will be positive.

It should be noted that the transporters to be used will be larger than what was previously anticipated, due to the increased size of the blades, however due to the even greater reduction in the numbers of turbines (from 11 to 8), the reduced number of component transporters, concrete and aggregate trucks will result in an overall reduction in effects to the road network.

Maneuvering for the largest transporters delivering the blades of up to 80m in length will still need to be determined as part of the over dimension permit and traffic management plans. As the consent will provide for a maximum blade length of 80m, any feasibility issues with transporting the components to site that arise can be resolved by reducing the blade length if that becomes necessary. However, with the rapid development of blade and transportation technology in recent years, alternative delivery methods maybe explored.

In summary, the changes to the traffic volumes, the changes to the traffic generated as a result of the wind farm, as well as the change to the number and type of wind turbine components, have not resulted in any significant change from the previously approved consent, therefore the consent should not be changed as a result of the transportation effects.

Please don't hesitate to contact the undersigned if you require any further clarification.

Yours faithfully

Yours faithfully

Principal Transportation Engineer

James Daly

027 310 8766 BE(Civil), MEngNZ

Matthew Arnerich

September 2023

Senior Transportation Engineer 021 105 9676

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Bsc, GDipEng (Transportation), MEngNZ

Taumatatotora Wind Farm
Transportation Response to Variation Request