Waitomo District Council

Hearing on submissions on the Proposed Waitomo District Plan

Report and Decisions of the Independent Hearing Commissioners

Decision Report:

Chapter 48. Natural Open Space Zone
19 June 2025

Commissioners

Greg Hill (Chair)

Wikitōria Tāne

Allan Goddard

Phil Brodie

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1. Introduction

- 1. This Decision Report relates to all the submissions received by the Waitomo District Council (Council) on Chapter 48 Natural Open Space Zone. This includes related provisions within the Proposed Waitomo District Plan (PDP) such as Definitions (Chapter 9).
- 2. The chapter manages the effects of activities on reserves on public and private land, which is generally used for recreational and conservation activities. Land within the natural open space zone often has high natural, ecological, landscape, cultural and heritage values and plays an important role in protecting and increasing the populations of threatened and endangered species.

2. Hearing arrangements

- 3. The hearing was held in person and online on 16 and 17 July 2024 in Council's offices at 15 Queen Street, Te Kuiti. All of the relevant information pertaining to this hearing (i.e., Section 42A Reports, legal submissions and evidence) is contained on Council's website.
- 4. The following parties submitted on this Chapter.

Submission No	Submitter
24	Ministry of Education
16	Fire and Emergency New Zealand
47	Forest and Bird
39	Firstgas
50	Te Nehenehenui
12	Heli A1 Limited
38	Te Kohanganui Whare
2	New Zealand Historical Association
18	Auckland Waikato Fish and Game
53	Department of Conservation
FS07	Grant Lennox
FS05	Federated Farmers
FS13	New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association
FS20	Sheryl Paekau
FS15	New Zealand Helicopter Association

5. The Panel did not hear any evidence in relation to this Chapter at the hearings on 16 and 17 July 2024.

3. Submitter evidence

- 6. No evidence was presented to the Panel at the hearing on this topic. However, submitter evidence was filed by Alec Duncan on behalf of Fire and Emergency New Zealand (FENZ). The evidence submitted by FENZ requested:
 - An additional sub-policy to NOSZ-P2 to require new buildings and structures to provide a firefighting water supply to manage fire risk.
 - An additional performance standard NOSZ-R13 that requires new buildings located in the OSZ to provide a firefighting water supply to manage fire risk. The amendment seeks to ensure that firefighting water supply is provided for in accordance with SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice.

4. Panel decision

- 7. Having considered the analysis in the submissions and evidence presented, the Panel acknowledged the general support for the PDP's amended provisions.
- 8. The Panel agreed with the aim of chapter, which is to manage the effects of activities on reserves on public and private land, which is generally used for recreational and conservation activities. The Panel found that:
 - It is appropriate to permit a range of recreational, tourism and social uses and associated buildings and activities that are compatible with the zone's value and character.
 - It is necessary to ensure that the **zone's natural**, **ecological**, **landscape**, **cultural** and heritage values are protected, and incompatible land use and development is avoided.
 - It is appropriate to provide for activities that encourage public access to areas of natural open space, lakes and water bodies for the community to use and enjoy for leisure and cultural activities.
- 9. The Panel acknowledges the evidence submitted by FENZ and considers that the amendments sought to NOSZ-P2 and NOSZ-R13 should be approved, as they are consistent with the approach taken in other zones (i.e. General Rural Zone, Māori Purposes Zone), and will ensure a consistent approach across the Plan.
- 10. Otherwise, unless stated in the Panel decision above, the Panel has elected to adopt the recommendations in the Section 42A Report and the Section 42A Addendum Report on this chapter.

5. Conclusion

- 11. The Panel accepts the recommendations in the section 42A reports and where noted above, the evidence filed by the submitters. The reasons for this are those set out in the section 42A reports, the evidence, and provided in this Decision; collectively forming the section 32AA assessment informing this Decision.
- Overall, the Panel is satisfied that the provisions of chapter, as amended, will provide a suitable framework for managing activities in the natural open space zone, while managing any adverse effects.

13. The Panel accepts, accepts in part, or rejects the submissions as set out in the section 42A reports.

For the Hearing Panel

Greg Hill, Chair

Dated: 19 June 2025

6. Appendix 1 - Submission Table

Natural Open Space Zone - Submission points in order of s42A report

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
16.74	FENZ	New	NOSZ-R13	New standard	Accept
				NOSZ-R13 - Servicing	
				1. Where a connection to Council's reticulated water supply system compliant with the SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice is not available, or additional level of service is required, water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting shall be in accordance with the alternative firefighting water source provisions of SNZ PAS 4509: 2008. Note: Further advice and information about managing fire risk and storage of water for firefighting purposes can be obtained from Fire and Emergency New Zealand and SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water	
				Supplies Code of Practice (refer Table 1 and 2).	
53.70	DOC	Support	NOSZ-O1, NOSZ- O2, NOSZ-P1, NOSZ-P2, NOSZ- P3, NOSZ-P4,	Retain: Introduction - Natural Open Space Zone NOSZ-O1, NOSZ- O2, NOSZ-P1, NOSZ-P2, NOSZ- P3, NOSZ-P4, NOSZ-P5, NOSZ- P5, NOSZ-P6, NOSZ-P7, NOSZ- R1, NOSZ-R3, NOSZ-R4, NOSZ- R5, NOSZ-R6 as notified	Accept

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
			NOSZ-P5, NOSZ- P5, NOSZ-P6, NOSZ-P7, NOSZ- R1, NOSZ-R3, NOSZ-R4, NOSZ- R5, NOSZ-R6		
04.31	NZAAA	Support	NOZS-01	Retain as notified.	Accept
FS07.31	Grant Lennox	Support		Allowed	Accept
12.31	Heli A1 Limited	Support	NOZS-01	Retain as notified.	Accept
FS13.53	New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association	Support		Retain the objective as sought	Accept
FS15.34	New Zealand Helicopter Association	Support		Retain the objective as sought	Accept
39.81	Firstgas	Support	NOSZ-01	Retain NOSZ-O1 as notified.	Accept
24.66	MoE	Support	NOSZ-03	Retain NOSZ-03 as notified.	Accept
38.106	TTRMC	Support	NOSZ-O5	Retain NOSZ-05 as notified.	Accept

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
FS20.135	Sheryl Paekau	Support		I seek that the whole of all submissions provided by Te Kohanganui Whare be allowed and to take into account my support in part when applied to limiting numbers of dwellings on Maaori land.	Accept
50.30	TNN	Support	NOSZ-05. NOSZ-P1.5. NOSZ-P11. NOSZ-P12.	Retain the following provisions in the Natural open space zone: NOSZ-05. NOSZ-P1.5. NOSZ-P11. NOSZ-P12.	Accept
FS20.228	Sheryl Paekau	Support		I seek that the whole of all submissions provided by Te Nehenehenui Trust be allowed and to take into account my support in part when applied to limiting numbers of dwellings on Maaori land.	Accept
02.20	NZHA	Support	NOSZ-P1	Retain NOSZ-P1.	Accept
FS13.20	New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association	Support		Retain the policy as sought	Accept
04.32	NZAAA	Support	NOSZ-P1	Retain NOSZ-P1.	Accept
FS07.32	Grant Lennox	Support		Allowed	Accept
12.32	Heli A1 Limited	Support	NOSZ-P1	Retain NOSZ-P1.	Accept

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
FS13.54	New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association	Support		Retain the policy as sought	Accept
FS15.35	New Zealand Helicopter Association	Support		Retain the policy as sought	Accept
38.107	TTRMC	Support	NOSZ-P1	Retain NOSZ-P1.5 as notified.	Accept
FS20.136	Sheryl Paekau	Support		I seek that the whole of all submissions provided by Te Kohanganui Whare be allowed and to take into account my support in part when applied to limiting numbers of dwellings on Maaori land.	Accept
39.82	Firstgas	Support	NOSZ-P3	Retain NOSZ-P3 as notified.	Accept
24.67	MoE	Support	NOSZ-P3	Retain NOSZ-P3 as notified.	Accept
38.108	TTRMC	Support	NOSZ-P11	Retain NOSZ-P11 as notified.	Accept
FS20.137	Sheryl Paekau	Support		I seek that the whole of all submissions provided by Te Kohanganui Whare be allowed and to take into account my support in part when applied to limiting numbers of dwellings on Maaori land.	Accept
38.109	TTRMC	Support	NOSZ-P12	Retain NOSZ-P12 as notified.	Accept
FS20.138	Sheryl Paekau	Support		I seek that the whole of all submissions provided by Te Kohanganui Whare be	Accept

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
				allowed and to take into account my support in part when applied to limiting numbers of dwellings on Maaori land.	
18.33	AWFG	Support	NOSZ-R3	Retain NOSZ-R3 as notified.	Accept
47.184	F&B	Support with amendment	Overview	Overview Amend the overview of the Natural open space zone as follows: These areas often have high natural, indigenous biodiversity, ecological, landscape, And Any consequential changes or alternative relief to achieve the relief sought.	Reject
47.185	F&B	Support with amendment	NOSZ-O1	Amend NOSZ-O1 as follows: Ensure that the zone's natural, ecological, indigenous biodiversity, landscape, And Any consequential changes or alternative relief to achieve the relief sought.	Reject
FS05.129	Federated Farmers	Oppose		Decline the relief sought	Accept

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
47.186	F&B	Support with amendment	NOSZ-O2	Amend NOSZ-O2 as follows: Encourage public access to areas of natural open space for the community to use and enjoy for leisure and cultural activities where this does not negatively impact on indigenous biodiversity. And Any consequential changes or alternative relief to achieve the relief sought.	Reject
47.187	F&B	Support with amendment	NOSZ-O4	Amend NOSZ-O4 as follows: Land in this zone adjoining lakes and water bodies should facilitate public access where possible and appropriate—where this does not negatively impact on indigenous biodiversity. And Any consequential changes or alternative relief to achieve the relief sought.	Reject
47.188	F&B	Support with amendment	NOSZ-P1	Amend NOSZ-P1.4. as follows: Any adverse effects on natural, ecological, indigenous biodiversity, landscape and historic heritage values can be appropriately avoided, remedied or mitigated.	Reject

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
				And Any consequential changes or alternative relief to achieve the relief sought.	
FS05.130	Federated Farmers	Oppose		Decline the relief sought	Accept
16.73	FENZ	Oppose	NOSZ-P2	Amend as follows: NOSZ-P2. Enable use and development that protects the natural open space character, values and amenity of the zone where the use and development: [] 7. Require new buildings and structures to provide a firefighting water supply to manage fire risk.	Accept
04.33	NZAAA	Support in part	NOSZ-R3	Retain NOSZ-R3 and add: 5. conservation activities Amend the definition of conservation activities as sought above to include: "(j) weed and pest control and the intermittent use of aircraft for conservation purposes"	Reject
FS07.33	Grant Lennox	Support		Allowed	Reject

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
FS23.13	Te Nehenehenui	Oppose		Te Nehenehenui have stated support for other submitters' submission points that may be in conflict with this submission, therefore TNN oppose the points of this submission that are not aligned to our Taiao and cultural values, or those we have noted support for.	Accept
12.33	Heli A1 Limited	Support in part	NOSZ-R3	Retain NOSZ-R3 and add: 5. conservation activities Amend the definition of conservation activities as sought above to include: "(j) weed and pest control and the intermittent use of aircraft for conservation purposes"	Reject
FS13.55	New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association	Support		Retain the rule and add as sought	Reject
FS15.36	New Zealand Helicopter Association	Support		Retain the rule and add as sought	Reject
12.34	Heli A1 Limited	Support in part	NOSZ-R4	Retain NOSZ-R4 and add: <u>Conservation activities</u> in the list as a permitted activity or; specifically list <u>weed</u> and pest control as a permitted activity on conservation and reserve land.	Accept in part

Submission no	Submitter	Support/in part/oppose	Plan provision	Relief sought	Recommendation
				Amend the definition of conservation activities as sought above to include:	
				"(j) weed and pest control and the intermittent use of aircraft for conservation purposes".	
FS13.56	New Zealand Agricultural Aviation Association	Support		Retain the rule and add Conservation activities in the list as a permitted activity as sought OR Specifically list weed and pest control as a permitted activity on conservation and reserve land as sought	Accept in part
FS15.37	New Zealand Helicopter Association	Support		Retain the rule and add Conservation activities in the list as a permitted activity as sought or; Specifically list weed and pest control as a permitted activity on conservation and reserve land as sought	Accept in part

7. Appendix 2 - Decisions Version of the Chapter

Natural Open Space Zone | He Rohe

Ahoaho Māori

AREA SPECIFIC MATTERS

Overview

The Waitomo district contains large areas of land administered by the Department of Conservation including the Whareorino and the Tawarau Conservation Areas, Mapara Wildlife Management Reserve, Mahoenui Scientific Reserve and part of Pureora Forest Park. While the majority of the district is located in the Waikato Conservancy, a small area is within the Tongariro-Whanganui-Taranaki Conservancy including the Mohakatino Conservation Area and Mokau River Scenic Reserve. These areas comprise the majority of the natural open space zone.

The natural open space zone also applies to some land classified as reserves under the Reserves Act 1977, the Conservation Act 1987 and to some private land that is the subject of covenants under the Queen Elizabeth II National Trust. Limited areas of private land which have high conservation values are also included in the zone.

These areas often have high natural, ecological, landscape, cultural and heritage values and play an important role in protecting and increasing the populations of threatened species. Inappropriate subdivision, development and land use activities can compromise the important natural qualities of this zone so specific consideration is given to the preservation of natural character and the relationship of mana whenua to these areas. Activities and development are restricted in scale and intensity and are only provided for where they relate to conservation, recreation and education activities and visitor management.

Where significant natural areas, the coastal environment line and landscapes have been identified, additional criteria apply to further protect land from inappropriate use in other chapters of this plan.

While activities in this zone are managed by the district plan, they are also administered by the Department of Conservation through the Conservation Act 1987 and more specifically, by the Waikato and Wanganui Conservation Management Strategies. Waitomo District Council recognises the Department of Conservation's role in these areas. Additionally, activities on reserves administered by Waitomo District Council under Reserves Act 1977 are managed under the Waitomo District Comprehensive Reserve Management Plan. As such the intention is not to unduly duplicate functions or approvals defined by other legislation unless there is potential for significant adverse effects to occur.

Part of the natural open space zone is also in the amenity precinct (PREC6) which is located along the State Highway 37 corridor between Hangatiki and Waitomo Caves Village, and between Hangatiki along State Highway 3 to the northern boundary of the district. This area was identified as part of an extensive landscape policy area in the previous district plan. This plan does not identify the same extensive area, instead prioritising the State Highway corridors (outside of the tourism zones) as important connecting routes which have a rural character requiring maintenance and enhancement. As a multi-zoned precinct,

the provisions are located separately in the amenity precinct (PREC6) chapter. There are no specific amenity precinct policies or rules which apply to this zone.

Objectives

Refer also to the relevant objectives in Part 2 District - Wide Matters

- NOSZ-O1. Ensure that the zone's natural, ecological, landscape, cultural and heritage values are protected, and incompatible land use and development is avoided.
- NOSZ-O2. Encourage public access to areas of natural open space for the community to use and enjoy for leisure and cultural activities.
- NOSZ-O3. Permit a range of recreational, tourism and social uses and associated buildings and activities that are compatible with the zone's value and character.
- NOSZ-O4. Land in this zone adjoining lakes and water bodies should facilitate public access where possible and appropriate.
- NOSZ-O5. Manage the use of natural open space to protect and enhance mana whenua values.

Policies

Refer also to the relevant policies in Part 2 District - Wide Matters

- NOSZ-P1. Ensure activities and development are compatible with the role, function and natural open space character of the zone by having regard to whether:
 - 1. The activity or development will enhance natural open space values, ecological values and social connection; and
 - 2. The activity or development will limit or restrict public access to and use of natural open space; and
 - 3. The scale, design and layout of the activity or development and any associated built form is compatible with the character, values and amenity of the natural open space area the activity is proposing to locate in; and
 - 4. Any adverse effects on natural, ecological, landscape and historic heritage values can be appropriately avoided, remedied or mitigated; and
 - 5. The activity will not compromise cultural, spiritual and/or archaeological values and interests or associations of importance to mana whenua; and
 - 6. Any conflict with and/or reverse sensitivity effects on adjacent sensitive activities can be appropriately avoided, remedied or mitigated; and
 - 7. There is adequate existing or planned infrastructure to service the activity and/or development.
- NOSZ-P2. Enable use and development that protects the natural open space character, values and amenity of the zone where the use and development:

- 1. Ensure a predominance of natural open space and indigenous vegetation; and
- 2. Ensure that buildings are suitably located and of an appropriate size; and
- 3. Integrate new structures with the existing environment, including carparks, walkways, cycleways and pedestrian and vehicle access points; and
- 4. Locate and design new buildings, structures and additions to minimise disturbance to existing landform, vegetation and vulnerable habitats; and
- 5. Use unformed and unsealed areas for parking, particularly for peak periods during summer months and employ smaller, conveniently located parking areas in preference to large expanses of parking; and
- 6. Require areas surrounding buildings, structures and parking areas to be landscaped to mitigate visual impacts.
- 7. Require new buildings and structures to provide a firefighting water supply to manage fire risk.
- NOSZ-P3. Only allow for potentially incompatible activities and development where they do not conflict with the zone's natural, ecological, landscape, cultural and heritage values by ensuring that:
 - 1. The scale, type and extent of commercial and tourism activities is restricted to those activities and development that have a functional need to locate in that environment or those activities which are ancillary to temporary events; and
 - 2. The adverse effects of infrastructure provision are avoided, remedied or mitigated whilst recognising their positive effects and functional and operational needs; and
 - 3. The activity does not restrict the public use and enjoyment of the zone.
- NOSZ-P4. On reserves or parts of reserves that are identified in the Waitomo District Comprehensive Reserve Management Plan, the scale, type and extent of commercial activities (including mobile commercial activities) and tourism facilities are restricted to those activities which are ancillary to the reserve's purpose, and/or those activities which are ancillary to temporary events.
- NOSZ-P5. On land administered by the Department of Conservation, provide for activities permitted by the Waikato or Wanganui Conservation Management Strategies or any reserve management plan under the Reserves Act 1977.
- NOSZ-P6. On private land, outdoor education activities, buildings associated with honey production and visitor accommodation may be enabled where any adverse effects on adjacent properties and on the safe and efficient operation of the adjacent roading network is minimised.
- NOSZ-P7. On private land, enable papak**ā**inga and residential units only where these provide for caretakers or employees undertaking conservation activities on the holding.
- NOSZ-P8. Allow for existing, lawfully established pastoral grazing and forestry activities.

- NOSZ-P9. Activities providing improved public access to esplanade areas and reserves are enabled.
- NOSZ-P10. Passive recreation use and conservation uses on esplanade areas and reserves are enabled.
- NOSZ-P11. Enable appropriate activities which support and re-establish the relationship of mana whenua and their culture and traditions to their ancestral lands, water, sites, wāhi tapu and other taonga.
- NOSZ-P12. Appropriately recognise and protect those reserves or parts of reserves that are identified in the Waitomo District Comprehensive Reserve Management Plan as wāhi taonga or as having important associations with tribal history, events and narratives.
- NOSZ-P13. Ensure the flightpath height restrictions shown on the planning maps are complied with to enable the safe operation of **the Te Kūiti Aerodrome**.

Rules

The rules that apply to the natural open space zone are contained in the tables listed below. To undertake any activity, it must comply with the rules listed in:

- NOSZ Table 1 Activities Rules; and
- NOSZ Table 2 Performance Standards; and
- Any relevant provision in Part 2 District-Wide Matters; and

Where an activity breaches more than one rule, the most restrictive status shall apply to the activity.

<u>Refer to Part 1 - How the Plan Works</u> for an explanation of how to use this plan, including activity status abbreviations.

NOSZ - Table 1 - Activities Rules

NOSZ-R1.	Construction, addition and alteration of buildings or structures for any permitted activity			
NOSZ-R2.	Park furniture and park facilities			
	tus: PER ne performance standards in NOSZ - Table omplied with.	Activity status where compliance is not achieved: RDIS Matters over which discretion is restricted: (a) The matters of discretion associated with any performance standard which cannot be complied with in NOSZ -Table 2.		
NOSZ-R3.	Permitted activities on private land			
Activity status: PER Where: 1. Recreational hunting; and		Activity status where compliance is not achieved: DIS		

- 2. Any other non-commercial recreational activity; and
- 3. One building per holding of 150 m² gross floor area or less is permitted for the purpose of an outdoor education activity, or honey production, or visitor accommodation where the maximum occupancy of the visitor accommodation must not exceed six guests at any one time;

AND

All of the performance standards in NOSZ - Table
 are complied with.

Note: Where the recreational activity is for commercial gain it becomes a commercial activity - see NOSZ-R7.

Note: Activities may also be required to be in accordance with the terms of a Queen Elizabeth II Covenant, Nga Whenua Rahui Kawenata, Heritage Protection Order or a covenant under the Reserves Act 1977 or Conservation Act 1987. Note: Where vegetation clearance is proposed in a significant natural area the provisions in the ecosystems and indigenous biodiversity chapter

NOSZ-R4.

apply.

Permitted Activities on public conservation land and reserves administered by Waitomo District Council

Activity status: PER

Where:

- The activity is a walkway or cycleway, boardwalk or viewing platform; or
- The activity is upgrading of and/or additions to structures and buildings for visitor or conservation purposes; or
- The activity is maintenance and stabilisation of historic assets by conservation treatments and/or land stabilising; or
- 4. The activity is upgrading or extending car parking areas; or
- 5. The activity is the installation of electric vehicle charging points; or
- 6. The activity is any structure required to introduce or maintain biosecurity measures; or
- 7. The activity is permitted by the Waitomo District Comprehensive Reserve Management Plan; or
- 8. The activity is permitted by the Waikato or Wanganui Conservation Management Strategy or

Activity status where compliance is not achieved: DIS

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a reserves the Reserves AND 9. All of the per 2 are complie	s Act 1977; rformance standards in NOSZ - Table		
NOSZ-R5. Demolition and / or removal of buildings and structures			
Activity status: PER Note: Where the building is listed in <u>SCHED1 - Heritage</u> <u>Buildings and Structures</u> , see the <u>historic heritage</u> <u>chapter</u> .		Activity status where compliance is not achieved: N/A	
NOSZ-R6. Residential units and papakāinga units associated with conservation activities			
Activity status: DIS Where: 1. The residential units or papakāinga units provide residential accommodation for caretakers or employees undertaking conservation activities on the holding.		Activity status where compliance is not achieved: NC	
NOSZ-R7. Con	NOSZ-R7. Commercial activities and tourism facilities		
Activity status: DIS Note: Where the commercial activity is ancillary to a temporary event, see the temporary activities chapter. Note: If the activity is on a reserve administered by Waitomo District Council, authorisation is also likely to be required under the Waitomo District Comprehensive Reserve Management Plan. Note: If the activity is on a reserve administered by the Department of Conservation a concession may be required.		Activity status where compliance is not achieved: N/A	
NOSZ-R8. Acti	ivities not otherwise listed in NOSZ	-Table 1	
Activity status: NC		Activity status where compliance is not achieved: N/A	
	NOSZ-R9. Non-compliance with the Te Kūiti Aerodrome Flightpath height restrictions shown on the Planning Maps		
Activity status: I	PR	Activity status where compliance is not achieved: N/A	

NOSZ-S1.

Minimum setback from road boundaries

- The minimum setback from road boundaries for any building adjacent to any road must be at least 10 m; and
- The minimum setback for park facilities, car parking areas or electric vehicle charging points must be at least 2.5 m; and
- The minimum setback from road boundaries for park furniture or any structure required to introduce or maintain biosecurity measures must be at least 3 m; and
- The minimum setback from road boundaries for sound stages and amphitheaters must be at least 50 m; and
- There is no setback requirement for public walkways and cycleways, stormwater management systems, fences, signs, gardens, landscaping and planting and bridleways.

Matters over which discretion is restricted:

- (a) The safety and efficiency of traffic flow; and
- (b) Visual effects including bulk, scale and location of the structure; and
- (c) Effects on landscape and conservation values; and
- (d) The extent to which landscaping is able to mitigate potential effects; and
- (e) The extent to which the reduction in the setback is necessary due to the shape or natural and physical features of the site; and
- (f) Effects on public access and recreational opportunities; and
- (g) Potential reverse sensitivity effects on any adjoining activities.

NOSZ-S2.

Minimum setback from internal boundaries

- The minimum setback from internal boundaries for buildings must be at least 10 m; and
- The minimum setback for park furniture, park facilities, car parking areas, electric vehicle charging points or any structure required to introduce or maintain biosecurity measures must be at least 5 m; and
- The minimum setback from internal site boundaries for sound stages and amphitheaters must be at least 50 m; and
 - There is no setback requirement for public walkways and cycleways, stormwater management systems, fences, signs, gardens, landscaping and planting and bridleways.

Matters over which discretion is restricted:

- (a) Visual effects including bulk, scale and location of the structure; and
- (b) Effects on the visual and aural privacy of adjoining properties; and
- (c) Effects on landscape and conservation values;
- (d) The extent to which landscaping is able to mitigate potential effects; and
- (e) The extent to which the reduction in the setback is necessary due to the shape or natural and physical features of the site; and
- (f) Effects on public access and recreational opportunities; and
- (g) Potential reverse sensitivity effects on any adjoining activities.

NOSZ-S3.

Height and height in relation to boundary

- The maximum height of structures must not exceed 8 m in height as measured from ground level: and
- No structure or stored materials shall penetrate a recession plane at right angles to a boundary included inwards and upwards at an angle of

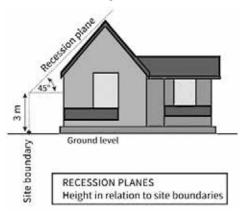
Matters over which discretion is restricted:

- (a) Visual effects including bulk, scale and location of the structure; and
- (b) Effects on the visual and aural privacy of adjoining properties; and

45° from 3 m above the ground level of the front, side or rear boundaries of a site. See Figure - NOSZ 1.

- (c) Effects on landscape and conservation values; and
- (d) The extent to which landscaping is able to mitigate potential effects; and
- (e) Effects on public access and recreational opportunities; and
- (f) Potential reverse sensitivity effects on any adjoining activities.

Figure - NOSZ 1 - Height in relation to boundary



NOSZ-S4.

Servicing

1. Where a connection to Council's reticulated water supply system compliant with the SNZ PAS 4509:2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice is not available, or additional level of service is required, water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting shall be in accordance with the alternative firefighting water source provisions of SNZ PAS 4509:2008.

Note: Further advice and information about managing fire risk and storage of water for firefighting purposes can be obtained from Fire and Emergency New Zealand and SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice. Note: Stormwater and wastewater disposal, and ground and surface water takes may require a resource consent from the Waikato Regional Council or the Manawatū Whanganui

Regional Council.

Activity status when compliance is not achieved: DIS

Advice notes

Accidental discovery protocol

In the event that an unidentified archaeological site or a wāhi tapu site is located during works, the following applies:

- Work must cease immediately at that place and within 20m around the site;
- Heritage New Zealand Regional Archaeologist must be notified and apply for the appropriate authority if required;
- Notify the appropriate iwi groups or kaitiaki representative of the discovery and ensure site access to enable appropriate cultural procedures and tikanga to be undertaken, as long as all statutory requirements under legislation are met (New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014);
- If human remains (koiwi) are uncovered then the Heritage New Zealand Regional Archaeologist, NZ Police and the appropriate iwi groups or kaitiaki representative must be notified. Remains are not to be moved until such time as iwi and Heritage New Zealand have responded;
- Works affecting the archaeological site and any human remains (koiwi) must not resume until appropriate authority and protocols are completed.

If the protocol is not adhered to then Heritage New Zealand can take out prosecution proceedings under the New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014

Contaminated land

If the site is contaminated or potentially contaminated refer to the contaminated land chapter and the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health (NESCS) 2011.

Regional Council consents

A resource consent for **some earthworks may also be required from the Waikato Regional Council or Manawatū**-Whanganui Regional Council.

Works in close proximity to any electricity line

Works in close proximity to any electricity line can be dangerous. Compliance with the New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 34:2001 is mandatory for all buildings, earthworks and mobile plant within close proximity to all electric lines. Compliance with the Plan does not ensure compliance with the Code.

Landscaping

Where the site is adjacent to a State Highway, consultation with the New Zealand Transport Agency on appropriate tree species and the location of planting is advisable.

8. Appendix 3 - Section 32AA Evaluation

14. A Section 32AA Evaluation is only required for any changes that are proposed to the provisions of this plan since the original Section 32 Evaluation report for the proposal was completed. The Section 32AA Evaluation must be undertaken at a level of detail that corresponds to the scale and significance of the changes.

Amendments

- NOSZ-P2. Enable use and development that protects the natural open space character, values and amenity of the zone where the use and development:
 - 1. Ensure a predominance of natural open space and indigenous vegetation; and
 - 2. Ensure that buildings are suitably located and of an appropriate size: and
 - 3. Integrate new structures with the existing environment, including carparks, walkways, cycleways and pedestrian and vehicle access points; and
 - 4. Locate and design new buildings, structures and additions to minimise disturbance to existing landform, vegetation and vulnerable habitats; and
 - 5. Use unformed and unsealed areas for parking, particularly for peak periods during summer months and employ smaller, conveniently located parking areas in preference to large expanses of parking; and
 - 6. Require areas surrounding buildings, structures and parking areas to be landscaped to mitigate visual impacts.
 - 7. Require new buildings and structures to provide a firefighting water supply to manage fire risk.

Effectiveness and efficiency

15. The new policy will ensure that new buildings and structures provide firefighting water supply to manage fire risk. This will ensure that the health and safety of people and property can be managed for new buildings and structures in this zone.

Costs and benefits

16. On balance it is considered that there will be an increase in costs due to additional infrastructure being required for firefighting purposes for new buildings and structures. However, it will decrease the risk to property through a sufficient water supply for firefighting purposes, which will provide a benefit to the owners of the building and in terms of the environment will reduce the risk of fire spreading.

Risk of acting or not acting

17. It is considered that there is sufficient information to justify the changes above. The new policy will ensure development can be appropriately serviced. The new policy ensures the health and safety of people and property with sufficient water for firefighting.

Decision about most appropriate option

- 18. The proposed amendment is considered to be the most effective means of achieving the objectives as it will:
 - Give effect to higher order policy documents.
 - Enable the Council to fulfil its statutory obligations, including by supporting the health and safety of people.

NOSZ-R13.

Servicina

1. Where a connection to Council's reticulated water supply system compliant with the SNZ PAS 4509:2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice is not available, or additional level of service is required, water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting shall be in accordance with the alternative firefighting water source provisions of SNZ PAS 4509:2008.

Note: Further advice and information about managing fire risk and storage of water for firefighting purposes can be obtained from Fire and Emergency New Zealand and SNZ PAS 4509:2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice (refer Table 1 and 2).

Activity status when compliance is not achieved: DIS

Effectiveness and efficiency

19. The new performance standard will ensure where new buildings and structures cannot be connected to a Council reticulated water supply system, which is compliant with the SNZ PAS 4509: 2008 New Zealand Fire Service Firefighting Water Supplies Code of Practice, or additional level of service is required, water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting shall be in accordance with the alternative firefighting water source provisions of SNZ PAS 4509: 2008. This will ensure that new buildings and structures provide firefighting water supply to manage fire risk. This will ensure that the health and safety of people and property can be managed for new buildings and structures in this zone.

Costs and benefits

20. On balance it is considered that there will be an increase in costs due to additional infrastructure being required for firefighting purposes for new buildings and structures that cannot be provided with a compliant Council connection. However, it will decrease the risk to property through a sufficient water supply for firefighting, which will provide a benefit to the owners of the building and in terms of the environment will reduce the risk of fire spreading.

Risk of acting or not acting

21. It is considered that there is sufficient information to justify the changes above. The new performance standard will ensure development can be appropriately serviced. The new performance standard ensures the health and safety of people and property with sufficient water for firefighting.

Decision about most appropriate option

- 22. The proposed amendment is considered to be the most effective means of achieving the objectives as it will:
 - Give effect to higher order policy documents.
 - Enable the Council to fulfil its statutory obligations, including by supporting the health and safety of people.